Dear Volunteer Leader:

Welcome to 4-H! This letter has answers to some of the most frequently asked questions about starting a new 4-H club.

How Large are Clubs?

Missouri 4-H clubs can have as few as five members (from at least three households) or as many as can be effectively included.

One important factor is the number of recognized volunteers who are active in the club, as well as how they share leadership duties. Dedicated teen leaders can help support club activities as well.

Other considerations include the meeting place size. Can everyone see and hear? Is there adequate air flow? Can the seating be arranged so that everyone feels they belong?

Some people suggest that clubs have 6 to 10 members per adult leader. Limit your group to a number with which you and other co-leaders can handle in a quality manner.

How Do I Recruit Youth?

Spreading the word about the fun and exciting activities in 4-H club is a great way to recruit new members. Start with your children, other children you know, and their friends. Contact your local schools and churches. Your local 4-H staff will have recruitment ideas.

Can We Use Co-leaders?

Yes! In these busy times it is highly advisable that two or more adult volunteers divide the duties of club leadership. Look to current and former parents of 4-H youth, young adults who are 4-H alumni, senior citizens, friends and local experts to help provide fun, experiential learning activities for 4-H youth.

The volunteer process is outlined at http://4h.missouri.edu/volunteer for review. Potential volunteers should always talk with the local 4-H staff before starting application steps.

When Do Clubs Meet?

Although a club should meet a minimum of six times a year, it is recommended that they meet 10 or more times a year. Many clubs meet monthly, although you might want to meet more often with a youth in an afterschool program setting.

Consistent, scheduled 4-H meetings can help the club maintain a high level of enthusiasm among youth and their family members.

Some clubs alternate formal meetings with less formal project sessions or social activities. Some even hold “backwards” meetings once or twice a year to add some fun to the typical agenda flow.

Club meetings should be BRIEF and run by the youth officers, not adults.
What’s in a Name?

Your club name can reflect the interests, projects, or geographic area of your club. All members should help to choose a name.

Because 4-H does not discriminate, be sure the club name is not biased for or against groups. It should not cause potential members to shy away because of a misleading name. Check with your local MU Extension office to ensure you don’t duplicate an existing 4-H club name.

How Do I Officially Enroll My Club?

Official enrollment is necessary for participation in any 4-H activity and for you to have the rights and protection of a 4-H volunteer. Members can enroll anytime in the 4-H year, which runs from October 1 to September 30. All 4-H members must re-enroll in the 4HOnline system annually.

Enroll in local, state and national events early whenever possible.

Club Materials?

Club materials are available at http://4h.missouri.edu/resources-and-forms. You can get materials from your local 4-H staff as well.

Are There Fees?

All 4-H members or a sponsor must pay nominal state fees. Some county 4-H programs have local fees as well. Some clubs pay these fees for the youth while others rely on fundraising to cover the cost. Always check with local 4-H staff club fundraiser policies.

Are We Insured?

University of Missouri provides liability coverage for recognized adult 4-H volunteers who are carrying out duties within the scope of their volunteer role. This “excess basis” coverage applies after all other available insurance has been exhausted. It covers you in cases of negligence claims.

Volunteers must comply with state law, have a valid driver’s license, and maintain acceptable personal liability insurance levels.

Special insurance coverage is also available for members and adults participating in supervised activities.

The most important thing a potential volunteer leader or current 4-H volunteer can do is to work very closely with the local 4-H staff. Keeping the lines of communication open and consistent will result in a better volunteer and also 4-H member experience. All county offices are listed under Locations at http://extension.missouri.edu

Quality Matters in 4-H: A Checklist for Staff and Volunteers

- I know how to provide a safe physical and emotional youth program environment
- I know how to provide a warm welcome to all youth, free of bias or exclusionary behavior
- I know the physical safety safeguards I should put in place at all 4-H events
- I know best practice strategies for helping youth reframe conflict if needed
- I know how to support youth engagement with materials and abstract ideas
- I allow youth officers to maintain control of at least 50 percent of the club meetings
- I know how to support youth interaction through multiple planning techniques
- I know how to provide all youth with specific encouragement rather than blanket praise
- I know how to support youth decision making in content and process choices
- I know how to create opportunities for all youth to serve in a leadership role in some capacity
- I know how to create opportunities for all youth to express ideas with others
- I know how to provide all youth with opportunities to reflect and evaluate activity and club experiences

Thank you for your commitment to improving 4-H program quality through volunteer development!